



# Egypt National Climate Change Strategy 2050

Egypt is committed to deliver its fair share of climate actions as part of the efforts to address climate change. Taking into consideration Egypt's high vulnerability, adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change is an imperative.

Egypt prepared its first National Strategy for Climate Change Adaptation and Disaster Risk Reduction in 2011, as well as the Low Emission Development Strategy (LEDS) in 2018. Now the Egyptian National Climate Change Council (NCCC) requested the development of the first comprehensive national climate change strategy until 2050.

The National Climate Change Strategy effectively addresses the impacts of climate change which contributes to improving the quality of life for Egyptian citizens, achieving sustainable development and economic growth, preserving natural resources and ecosystems, and strengthening Egypt's climate leadership at the international level.

## **Strategic Goals**

- Achieving sustainable and low-emission economic growth in key economic sectors
- Enhancing resilience and adaptive capacity to climate change, and alleviating the associated negative impacts
- Enhancing climate change action governance and management
- > Enhancing climate financing infrastructure
- Enhancing scientific research, technology transfer, knowledge management, and awareness to combat climate change

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Adaptation to climate change is of utmost priority to our developing countries, particularly in the African continent, which is bearing the brunt of the repercussions of this phenomenon. This includes water scarcity, drought, desertification and threats to food security although Africa is not responsible for the current climate disruption. In this regard, Egypt calls for addressing Adaptation issues on par with efforts aimed at reducing emissions.

President Abdel Fattah El-Sisi



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## **Strategic Direction**

# **D1** Ensure integrated planning between different national and sectoral strategies

- D2 Maintain climate actions into national planning
- D3 Integrate sustainability criteria and green recovery into national planning and budgeting
- **D4** Integrate climate adaptation and resilience in infrastructure projects
- **D5** Utilize finance opportunities under UNFCCC, Paris Agreement, and other climate-related sources

**D6** Capitalize on existing infrastructure to implement new projects related to climate change, e.g., utilizing existing modernized and enlarged energy grid for powering electric vehicles

**D7** Foster market competitiveness, economic diversity, and creation of green jobs

**D8** Strengthen bilateral and multilateral cooperation with countries, international finance institutions and specialized agencies in areas of common interest

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Climate change is one of the most important issues facing people as its impacts pose threats to sustainable development plans, food security and water availability, and thus will affect the national security.

Egyptian Prime Minister Moustafa Madbouli

### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS: Egyptian Response to Climate Change



United Nations Climate Change

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